

Package ‘censobr’

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Type Package

Title Download Data from Brazil's Population Census

Version 0.4.1

Description Easy access to data from Brazil's population censuses. The package provides a simple and efficient way to download and read the data sets and the documentation of all the population censuses taken in and after 1960 in the country. The package is built on top of the 'Arrow' platform <<https://arrow.apache.org/docs/r/>>, which allows users to work with larger-than-memory census data using 'dplyr' familiar functions. <<https://arrow.apache.org/docs/r/articles/arrow.html#analyzing-arrow-data-with-dplyr>>.

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URL <https://github.com/ipeaGIT/censobr>,
<https://ipeagit.github.io/censobr/>

BugReports <https://github.com/ipeaGIT/censobr/issues>

Depends R (>= 4.1.0)

Imports arrow (>= 15.0.1), checkmate, curl (>= 5.0.0), dplyr, duckdb,
fs, glue, tools

Suggests covr, DBI, dbplyr, geobr, ggplot2 (>= 3.3.1), rmarkdown,
knitr, scales, testthat

VignetteBuilder knitr

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Author Rafael H. M. Pereira [aut, cre]
(<<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2125-7465>>),
Rogério J. Barbosa [aut] (<<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6796-4547>>),
Diego Rabatone Oliveira [ctb],
Neal Richardson [ctb],
Ipea - Institute for Applied Economic Research [cph, fnd]

Maintainer Rafael H. M. Pereira <rafa.pereira.br@gmail.com>

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censobr_cache	<i>Manage cached files from the censobr package</i>
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Description

Manage cached files from the censobr package

Usage

```
censobr_cache(list_files = TRUE, delete_file = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>list_files</code>	Logical. Whether to print a message with the address of all censobr data sets cached locally. Defaults to TRUE.
<code>delete_file</code>	String. The file name (basename) of a censobr data set cached locally that should be deleted. Defaults to NULL, so that no file is deleted. If <code>delete_file = "all"</code> , then all cached censobr files are deleted.

Value

A message indicating which file exist and/or which ones have been deleted from local cache directory.

See Also

Other Cache data: [set_censobr_cache_dir\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# list all files cached
censobr_cache(list_files = TRUE)

# delete particular file
censobr_cache(delete_file = '2010_deaths')
```

data_dictionary	<i>Data dictionary of Brazil's census data</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Open on a browser the data dictionary of Brazil's census data.

Usage

```
data_dictionary(year = 2010, dataset = NULL, showProgress = TRUE, cache = TRUE)
```

Arguments

year	Numeric. Year of reference in the format yyyy. Defaults to 2010.
dataset	Character. The dataset of data dictionary to be opened. Options include c("population", "households", "families", "mortality", "emigration", "tracts").
showProgress	Logical. Defaults to TRUE display download progress bar. The progress bar only reflects only the downloading time, not the time to load the data to memory.
cache	Logical. Whether the function should read the data cached locally, which is much faster. Defaults to TRUE. The first time the user runs the function, censobr will download the file and store it locally so that the file only needs to be download once. If FALSE, the function will download the data again and overwrite the local file.

Value

Returns NULL and opens .html or .pdf file on the browser

See Also

Other Census documentation: [interview_manual\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Open data dictionary on browser
data_dictionary(year = 2010,
                dataset = 'population',
                showProgress = FALSE)

data_dictionary(year = 1980,
                dataset = 'households',
                showProgress = FALSE)

data_dictionary(year = 2010,
                dataset = 'tracts',
                showProgress = FALSE)
```

interview_manual	<i>Interview manual of the data collection of Brazil's censuses</i>
------------------	---

Description

Open on a browser the interview manual of the data collection of Brazil's censuses

Usage

```
interview_manual(year = NULL, showProgress = TRUE, cache = TRUE)
```

Arguments

year	Numeric. Year of reference in the format yyyy. Defaults to 2010.
showProgress	Logical. Defaults to TRUE display download progress bar. The progress bar only reflects only the downloading time, not the time to load the data to memory.
cache	Logical. Whether the function should read the data cached locally, which is much faster. Defaults to TRUE. The first time the user runs the function, censobr will download the file and store it locally so that the file only needs to be download once. If FALSE, the function will download the data again and overwrite the local file.

Value

Opens a .pdf file on the browser

See Also

Other Census documentation: [data_dictionary\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Open interview manual on browser
interview_manual(year = 2010, showProgress = FALSE)
```

questionnaire

Questionnaires used in the data collection of Brazil's censuses

Description

Open on a browser the questionnaire used in the data collection of Brazil's censuses

Usage

```
questionnaire(year = 2010, type = NULL, showProgress = TRUE, cache = TRUE)
```

Arguments

year	Numeric. Year of reference in the format yyyy. Defaults to 2010.
type	Character. The type of questionnaire used in the survey, whether the "long" one used in the sample component of the census, or the "short" one, which is answered by more households. Options include c("long", "short").
showProgress	Logical. Defaults to TRUE display download progress bar. The progress bar only reflects only the downloading time, not the time to load the data to memory.
cache	Logical. Whether the function should read the data cached locally, which is much faster. Defaults to TRUE. The first time the user runs the function, censobr will download the file and store it locally so that the file only needs to be download once. If FALSE, the function will download the data again and overwrite the local file.

Value

Opens a .pdf file on the browser

Examples

```
library(censobr)

# Open questionnaire on browser
questionnaire(year = 2010, type = 'long', showProgress = FALSE)
```

read_emigration	<i>Download microdata of emigration records from Brazil's census</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Download microdata of emigration records from Brazil's census. Data collected in the sample component of the questionnaire.

Usage

```
read_emigration(
  year = 2010,
  columns = NULL,
  add_labels = NULL,
  merge_households = FALSE,
  as_data_frame = FALSE,
  showProgress = TRUE,
  cache = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

year	Numeric. Year of reference in the format yyyy. Defaults to 2010.
columns	String. A vector of column names to keep. The rest of the columns are not read. Defaults to NULL and read all columns.
add_labels	Character. Whether the function should add labels to the responses of categorical variables. When add_labels = "pt", the function adds labels in Portuguese. Defaults to NULL.
merge_households	Logical. Indicate whether the function should merge household variables to the output data. Defaults to FALSE.
as_data_frame	Logical. When FALSE (Default), the function returns an Arrow Dataset, which allows users to work with larger-than-memory data. If TRUE, the function returns data.frame.
showProgress	Logical. Defaults to TRUE display download progress bar. The progress bar only reflects only the downloading time, not the time to load the data to memory.
cache	Logical. Whether the function should read the data cached locally, which is much faster. Defaults to TRUE. The first time the user runs the function, censobr will download the file and store it locally so that the file only needs to be download once. If FALSE, the function will download the data again and overwrite the local file.

Value

An arrow Dataset or a "data.frame" object.

See Also

Other Microdata: [read_families\(\)](#), [read_households\(\)](#), [read_mortality\(\)](#), [read_population\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# return data as arrow Dataset
df <- read_emigration(year = 2010,
                      showProgress = FALSE)
```

```
# return data as data.frame
df <- read_emigration(year = 2010,
                      as_data_frame = TRUE,
                      showProgress = FALSE)
```

read_families

Download microdata of family records from Brazil's census

Description

Download microdata of family records from Brazil's census. Data collected in the sample component of the questionnaire.

Usage

```
read_families(
  year = 2000,
  columns = NULL,
  add_labels = NULL,
  as_data_frame = FALSE,
  showProgress = TRUE,
  cache = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

year	Numeric. Year of reference in the format yyyy. Defaults to 2000.
columns	String. A vector of column names to keep. The rest of the columns are not read. Defaults to NULL and read all columns.
add_labels	Character. Whether the function should add labels to the responses of categorical variables. When add_labels = "pt", the function adds labels in Portuguese. Defaults to NULL.
as_data_frame	Logical. When FALSE (Default), the function returns an Arrow Dataset, which allows users to work with larger-than-memory data. If TRUE, the function returns data.frame.

showProgress	Logical. Defaults to TRUE display download progress bar. The progress bar only reflects only the downloading time, not the time to load the data to memory.
cache	Logical. Whether the function should read the data cached locally, which is much faster. Defaults to TRUE. The first time the user runs the function, censobr will download the file and store it locally so that the file only needs to be download once. If FALSE, the function will download the data again and overwrite the local file.

Value

An arrow Dataset or a "data.frame" object.

See Also

Other Microdata: [read_emigration\(\)](#), [read_households\(\)](#), [read_mortality\(\)](#), [read_population\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# return data as arrow Dataset
df <- read_families(year = 2000,
                    showProgress = FALSE)
```

read_households	<i>Download microdata of household records from Brazil's census</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Download microdata of household records from Brazil's census. Data collected in the sample component of the questionnaire.

Usage

```
read_households(
  year = 2010,
  columns = NULL,
  add_labels = NULL,
  as_data_frame = FALSE,
  showProgress = TRUE,
  cache = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

year	Numeric. Year of reference in the format yyyy. Defaults to 2010.
columns	String. A vector of column names to keep. The rest of the columns are not read. Defaults to NULL and read all columns.
add_labels	Character. Whether the function should add labels to the responses of categorical variables. When <code>add_labels = "pt"</code> , the function adds labels in Portuguese. Defaults to NULL.
as_data_frame	Logical. When FALSE (Default), the function returns an Arrow Dataset, which allows users to work with larger-than-memory data. If TRUE, the function returns <code>data.frame</code> .
showProgress	Logical. Defaults to TRUE display download progress bar. The progress bar only reflects only the downloading time, not the time to load the data to memory.
cache	Logical. Whether the function should read the data cached locally, which is much faster. Defaults to TRUE. The first time the user runs the function, <code>censobr</code> will download the file and store it locally so that the file only needs to be download once. If FALSE, the function will download the data again and overwrite the local file.

Value

An arrow Dataset or a "data.frame" object.

1960 Census

The 1960 microdata version available in **censobr** is a combination of two versions of the Demographic Census sample. The 25% sample data from the 1960 Census was never fully processed by IBGE - several states did not have their questionnaires digitized. Currently, this dataset only has data from 16 states of the Federation (and from a contested border region between Minas Gerais and Espírito Santo called Serra dos Aimores). Information is missing for the states of the former Northern Region, Maranhão, Piauí, Guanabara, Santa Catarina, and Espírito Santo. In 1965, IBGE decided to draw a probabilistic sub-sample of approximately 1.27% of the population, including all units of the federation. With this data, IBGE produced several official reports at the time. The data from **censobr** is the combination of these two datasets.

We pre-processed the 1.27% sample data to ensure data consistency, given the original data was partially corrupted. We also created a sample weight variable to correct for unbalanced data and to expand the sample to the total population. For the data from the 25% sample, the weights expand to the municipal totals. Meanwhile, for the data from the 1.27% sample, the weights expand to the state totals. Additionally, we constructed a few variables that allow for the approximate incorporation of the complex sample design, enabling the proper calculation of standard errors and confidence intervals.

You can read more about the 1960 Census and find a thorough documentation of how this dataset was processed on this link <https://github.com/antropologos/ConsistenciaCenso1960Br>.

See Also

Other Microdata: [read_emigration\(\)](#), [read_families\(\)](#), [read_mortality\(\)](#), [read_population\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# return data as arrow Dataset
df <- read_households(year = 2010,
                      showProgress = FALSE)
```

read_mortality	<i>Download microdata of death records from Brazil's census</i>
----------------	---

Description

Download microdata of death records from Brazil's census. Data collected in the sample component of the questionnaire.

Usage

```
read_mortality(
  year = 2010,
  columns = NULL,
  add_labels = NULL,
  merge_households = FALSE,
  as_data_frame = FALSE,
  showProgress = TRUE,
  cache = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

year	Numeric. Year of reference in the format yyyy. Defaults to 2010.
columns	String. A vector of column names to keep. The rest of the columns are not read. Defaults to NULL and read all columns.
add_labels	Character. Whether the function should add labels to the responses of categorical variables. When add_labels = "pt", the function adds labels in Portuguese. Defaults to NULL.
merge_households	Logical. Indicate whether the function should merge household variables to the output data. Defaults to FALSE.
as_data_frame	Logical. When FALSE (Default), the function returns an Arrow Dataset, which allows users to work with larger-than-memory data. If TRUE, the function returns data.frame.
showProgress	Logical. Defaults to TRUE display download progress bar. The progress bar only reflects only the downloading time, not the time to load the data to memory.
cache	Logical. Whether the function should read the data cached locally, which is much faster. Defaults to TRUE. The first time the user runs the function, censobr will download the file and store it locally so that the file only needs to be download once. If FALSE, the function will download the data again and overwrite the local file.

Value

An arrow Dataset or a "data.frame" object.

See Also

Other Microdata: [read_emigration\(\)](#), [read_families\(\)](#), [read_households\(\)](#), [read_population\(\)](#)

Examples

```
library(censobr)

# return data as arrow Dataset
df <- read_mortality(year = 2010,
                    showProgress = FALSE)

# dplyr::glimpse(df)

# return data as data.frame
df <- read_mortality(year = 2010,
                    as_data_frame = TRUE,
                    showProgress = FALSE)

# dplyr::glimpse(df)
```

read_population

Download microdata of population records from Brazil's census

Description

Download microdata of population records from Brazil's census. Data collected in the sample component of the questionnaire.

Usage

```
read_population(
  year = 2010,
  columns = NULL,
  add_labels = NULL,
  as_data_frame = FALSE,
  showProgress = TRUE,
  cache = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

year	Numeric. Year of reference in the format yyyy. Defaults to 2010.
columns	String. A vector of column names to keep. The rest of the columns are not read. Defaults to NULL and read all columns.
add_labels	Character. Whether the function should add labels to the responses of categorical variables. When <code>add_labels = "pt"</code> , the function adds labels in Portuguese. Defaults to NULL.
as_data_frame	Logical. When FALSE (Default), the function returns an Arrow Dataset, which allows users to work with larger-than-memory data. If TRUE, the function returns <code>data.frame</code> .
showProgress	Logical. Defaults to TRUE display download progress bar. The progress bar only reflects only the downloading time, not the time to load the data to memory.
cache	Logical. Whether the function should read the data cached locally, which is much faster. Defaults to TRUE. The first time the user runs the function, <code>censobr</code> will download the file and store it locally so that the file only needs to be download once. If FALSE, the function will download the data again and overwrite the local file.

Value

An arrow Dataset or a "data.frame" object.

1960 Census

The 1960 microdata version available in **censobr** is a combination of two versions of the Demographic Census sample. The 25% sample data from the 1960 Census was never fully processed by IBGE - several states did not have their questionnaires digitized. Currently, this dataset only has data from 16 states of the Federation (and from a contested border region between Minas Gerais and Espírito Santo called Serra dos Aimores). Information is missing for the states of the former Northern Region, Maranhão, Piauí, Guanabara, Santa Catarina, and Espírito Santo. In 1965, IBGE decided to draw a probabilistic sub-sample of approximately 1.27% of the population, including all units of the federation. With this data, IBGE produced several official reports at the time. The data from **censobr** is the combination of these two datasets.

We pre-processed the 1.27% sample data to ensure data consistency, given the original data was partially corrupted. We also created a sample weight variable to correct for unbalanced data and to expand the sample to the total population. For the data from the 25% sample, the weights expand to the municipal totals. Meanwhile, for the data from the 1.27% sample, the weights expand to the state totals. Additionally, we constructed a few variables that allow for the approximate incorporation of the complex sample design, enabling the proper calculation of standard errors and confidence intervals.

You can read more about the 1960 Census and find a thorough documentation of how this dataset was processed on this link <https://github.com/antropologos/ConsistenciaCenso1960Br>.

See Also

Other Microdata: [read_emigration\(\)](#), [read_families\(\)](#), [read_households\(\)](#), [read_mortality\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# return data as arrow Dataset
df <- read_population(year = 2010,
                      showProgress = FALSE)
```

read_tracts

Download census tract-level data from Brazil's censuses

Description

Download census tract-level aggregate data from Brazil's censuses.

Usage

```
read_tracts(
  year = 2010,
  dataset = NULL,
  as_data_frame = FALSE,
  showProgress = TRUE,
  cache = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

year	Numeric. Year of reference in the format yyyy. Defaults to 2010.
dataset	Character. The dataset to be opened. Options currently include c("Basico", "Domicilio", "DomicilioRenda", "Responsavel", "ResponsavelRenda", "Pessoa", "PessoaRenda", "Entorno"). Preliminary results of the 2022 census are available with "Preliminares".
as_data_frame	Logical. When FALSE (Default), the function returns an Arrow Dataset, which allows users to work with larger-than-memory data. If TRUE, the function returns data.frame.
showProgress	Logical. Defaults to TRUE display download progress bar. The progress bar only reflects only the downloading time, not the time to load the data to memory.
cache	Logical. Whether the function should read the data cached locally, which is much faster. Defaults to TRUE. The first time the user runs the function, censobr will download the file and store it locally so that the file only needs to be download once. If FALSE, the function will download the data again and overwrite the local file.

Value

An arrow Dataset or a "data.frame" object.

Examples

```
library(censobr)

# return data as arrow Dataset
df <- read_tracts(year = 2010,
                  dataset = 'PessoaRenda',
                  showProgress = FALSE)

# return data as data.frame
df <- read_tracts(year = 2010,
                  dataset = 'Basico',
                  as_data_frame = TRUE,
                  showProgress = FALSE)
```

set_censobr_cache_dir *Set custom cache directory for censobr files*

Description

Set custom directory for caching files from the censobr package. If users want to set a custom cache directory, the function needs to be run again in each new R session.

Usage

```
set_censobr_cache_dir(path = NULL)
```

Arguments

path String. The path to an existing directory. It defaults to path = NULL, to use the default directory

Value

A message indicating the directory where censobr files are cached.

See Also

Other Cache data: [censobr_cache\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Set custom cache directory
tempd <- tempdir()
set_censobr_cache_dir(path = tempd)

# back to default path
set_censobr_cache_dir(path = NULL)
```

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