Package 'calACS'

July 22, 2025

Type Package

Title Calculations for All Common Subsequences

2 calACSStrict

calACSLoose	Calculate the total number of all common subsequences between a string and a vector/list of strings. Subsequences can be interrupted by
	items, i.e. q-w is considered a subsequence of q-e-w-r

Description

Calculate the total number of all common subsequences between a string and a vector/list of strings. Subsequences can be interrupted by items, i.e. q-w is considered a subsequence of q-e-w-r

Usage

```
calACSLoose(vecA, listB, sep = "-", dropFirstItem = FALSE)
```

Arguments

vecA The single string

1istB The vector/list of 1 or more strings

sep Delimiter separating each items in a sequence

dropFirstItem Boolean. If true, the first item in each sequence is excluded from counting all

subsequences

Value

The total number of all common subsequences as an integer in a vector

Examples

```
calACSLoose("q-w-e-r", c("q-e-w-r","q-r-e-w"), "-")
calACSLoose("itemToBeDropped-q-w-e-r", "itemToBeDroped-q-e-w-r", "-", dropFirstItem=TRUE)
```

calACSStrict	Count the total number of all common subsequences between a string	
	and a vector/list of strings.	Subsequences cannot be interrupted by

any item, i.e. q-w is not considered a subsequence of q-e-w-r due to

the interrupting 'e'

Description

Count the total number of all common subsequences between a string and a vector/list of strings. Subsequences cannot be interrupted by any item, i.e. q-w is not considered a subsequence of q-e-w-r due to the interrupting 'e'

lenACSStrict 3

Usage

```
calACSStrict(vecA, listB, sep = "-", dropFirstItem = FALSE,
  ignoreLenOneSubseq = FALSE, ignoreLenZeroSubseq = FALSE)
```

Arguments

vecA The single string

listB The vector/list of 1 or more strings

sep Delimiter separating each items in a sequence

dropFirstItem Boolean. If true, the first item in each sequence is excluded from counting all

subsequences

ignoreLenOneSubseq

Boolean. If true, all length one subequences are not counted as common subse-

quences

ignoreLenZeroSubseq

Boolean. If true, the length zero subsequence (empty set) is not counted as a

common subsequence

Value

The total number of all common subsequences as an integer in a vector

Examples

```
calACSStrict("q-w-e-r", c("q-e-w-r","q-r-e-w"), "-")
calACSStrict("itemToBeDropped-q-w-e-r", "itemToBeDropped-q-e-w-r", "-", dropFirstItem=TRUE)
```

lenACSStrict

Calculate the length of each common subsequences between a string and a vector/list of strings. Subsequences cannot be interrupted by any item, i.e. q-w is not considered a subsequence of q-e-w-r due to the interrupting 'e'

Description

Calculate the length of each common subsequences between a string and a vector/list of strings. Subsequences cannot be interrupted by any item, i.e. q-w is not considered a subsequence of q-e-w-r due to the interrupting 'e'

Usage

```
lenACSStrict(vecA, listB, sep = "-", dropFirstItem = FALSE,
  ignoreLenOneSubseq = FALSE)
```

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Arguments

vecA The single string

listB The vector/list of 1 or more strings

sep Delimiter separating each items in a sequence

dropFirstItem Boolean. If true, the first item in each sequence is excluded from counting all

subsequences

ignoreLenOneSubseq

Boolean. If true, all length one subequences are not counted as common subse-

quences

Value

A list of vectors of the length of each common subsequence

Examples

```
lenACSStrict("q-w-e-r", c("q-e-w-r","q-r-e-w","q-w-r-e"), "-")
lenACSStrict("itemToBeDropped-q-w-e-r", "itemToBeDropped-q-e-w-r", "-", dropFirstItem=TRUE)
```

lenLCSStrict Calculate the length of the longest common subsequence (KCS) be-

tween a string and a vector/list of strings. Subsequences cannot be interrupted by any item, i.e. q-w is not considered a subsequence of

q-e-w-r due to the interrupting 'e'

Description

Calculate the length of the longest common subsequence (KCS) between a string and a vector/list of strings. Subsequences cannot be interrupted by any item, i.e. q-w is not considered a subsequence of q-e-w-r due to the interrupting 'e'

Usage

```
lenLCSStrict(vecA, listB, sep = "-", dropFirstItem = FALSE)
```

Arguments

The single string vecA

listB The vector/list of 1 or more strings

Delimiter separating each items in a sequence sep

dropFirstItem Boolean. If true, the first item in each sequence is excluded from counting all

subsequences

longestVec 5

Value

A list of vectors of the length of each common subsequence

Examples

```
lenACSStrict("q-w-e-r", c("q-e-w-r","q-r-e-w","q-w-r-e"), "-")
lenACSStrict("itemToBeDropped-q-w-e-r", "itemToBeDropped-q-e-w-r", "-", dropFirstItem=TRUE)
```

longestVec

The function takes in multiple vectors of any length, and returns the one with the longest length. The tieBreaker variable controls if the first or the last of the longest vectors gets returned in case there are multiple

Description

The function takes in multiple vectors of any length, and returns the one with the longest length. The tieBreaker variable controls if the first or the last of the longest vectors gets returned in case there are multiple

Usage

```
longestVec(..., tieBreaker = "last")
```

Arguments

... vectors of any length

tieBreaker decides if the first or the last longest vector gets returned if there are multiple

longest vectors. Can be either 'first' or 'last'. Default to 'last'.

Examples

```
longestVec(1:5, c('a', 'b'))
```

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