

eefAnalytics

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DESCRIPTION

Package: eefAnalytics

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Title: Robust Analytical Methods for Evaluating Educational
Interventions using Randomised Controlled Trials Designs

Description: Analysing data from evaluations of educational interventions using a randomised controlled trial design. Various analytical tools to perform sensitivity analysis using different methods are supported (e.g. frequentist models with bootstrapping and permutations options, Bayesian models). The included commands can be used for simple randomised trials, cluster randomised trials and multisite trials. The methods can also be used more widely beyond education trials. This package can be used to evaluate other intervention designs using Frequentist and Bayesian multilevel models.

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BugReports: <https://github.com/germaine86/eefAnalytics/issues>

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ComparePlot: A plot function to compare different eefAnalytics S3 objects from the eefAnalytics package.

Description

It generates bar plot that compares the effect size from eefAnalytics' methods.

Usage

```
ComparePlot(
  eefAnalyticsList,
  group,
  Conditional = TRUE,
  ES_Total = TRUE,
  modelNames
)
```

Arguments

Argument	Description
eefAnalyticsList	A list of eefAnalytics S3 objects from eefAnalytics package.
group	a string/scalar value indicating which intervention to plot. This must be one of the values of intervention variable excluding the control group. For a two arm trial, the maximum number of values to consider is 1 and 2 for three arm trial.

Conditional	a logical value to indicate whether to plot conditional effect size. The default is Conditional=TRUE, otherwise Conditional=FALSE should be specified for plot based on unconditional effect size. Conditional variance is total or residual variance a multilevel model with fixed effects, whilst unconditional variance is total variance or residual variance from a multilevel model with only intercept as fixed effect.
ES_Total	A logical value indicating whether to plot the effect size based on total variance or within school variance. The default is ES_Total=TRUE, to plot effect size using total variance. ES_Total=FALSE should be specified for effect size based on within school or residuals variance.
modelNames	a string factor containing the names of model to compare. See examples below.

Details

ComparePlot produces a bar plot which compares the effect sizes and the associated confidence intervals from the different models. For a multilevel model, it shows the effect size based on residual variance and total variance.

Value

Returns a bar plot to compare the different methods.

Examples

```
if(interactive()){

data(mstData)
#####
##### SRT #####
#####

outputSRT <- srtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention + Prettest,
intervention = "Intervention", data = mstData)

outputSRTBoot <- srtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention + Prettest,
intervention = "Intervention",nBoot=1000, data = mstData)

#####
##### MST #####
#####

outputMST <- mstFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention + Prettest,
random = "School", intervention = "Intervention", data = mstData)

outputMSTBoot <- mstFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention + Prettest,
random = "School", intervention = "Intervention",
```

```

nBoot = 1000, data = mstData)

#####
##### Bayesian #####
#####

outputSRTbayes <- srtBayes(Posttest~ Intervention + Prettest,
intervention = "Intervention",
nSim = 2000, data = mstData)

## comparing different results

ComparePlot(list(outputSRT,outputSRTBoot,outputMST,outputMSTBoot,outputSRTba
yes),
modelNames =c("ols", "olsBoot","MLM","MLMBoot","OLSBayes"),group=1)

}

```

crtBayes: Bayesian analysis of cluster randomised education trials using Vague Priors.

Description

crtBayes performs analysis of cluster randomised education trials using a multilevel model under a Bayesian setting, assuming vague priors.

Usage

```

crtBayes(
  formula,
  random,
  intervention,
  baseln,
  adaptD,
  nsim = 2000,
  data,
  threshold = 1:10/10,
  ...
)

```

Arguments

Argument	Description
formula	the model to be analysed is of the form $y \sim x_1 + x_2 + \dots$. Where y is the outcome variable and X s are the independent variables.
random	a string variable specifying the “clustering variable” as contained in the data. See example below.

<code>intervention</code>	a string variable specifying the “intervention variable” as appearing in the formula and the data. See example below.
<code>baseIn</code>	A string variable allowing the user to specify the reference category for intervention variable. When not specified, the first level will be used as a reference.
<code>adaptD</code>	As this function uses <code>rstanarm</code> , this term provides the target average proposal acceptance probability during Stan’s adaptation period. Default is <code>NULL</code> .
<code>nsim</code>	number of MCMC iterations per chain. Default is 2000.
<code>data</code>	data frame containing the data to be analysed.
<code>threshold</code>	a scalar or vector of pre-specified threshold(s) for estimating Bayesian posterior probability such that the observed effect size is greater than or equal to the threshold(s).
<code>...</code>	additional arguments of <code>stan_lmer</code> to be passed to the function.

Value

S3 object; a list consisting of

- `Beta` : Estimates and credible intervals for variables specified in the model. Use `summary.eefAnalytics` to get `Rhat` and effective sample size for each estimate.
- `ES` : Conditional Hedges’ *g* effect size and its 95 % credible intervals.
- `covParm` : A vector of variance decomposition into between cluster variance (Schools) and within cluster variance (Pupils). It also contains intra-cluster correlation (ICC).
- `SchEffects` : A vector of the estimated deviation of each school from the intercept.
- `ProbES` : A matrix of Bayesian Posterior Probabilities such that the observed effect size is greater than or equal to a pre-specified threshold(s).
- `Model` : A `stan_glm` object used in ES computation, this object can be used for convergence diagnostic.
- `Unconditional` : A list of unconditional effect sizes, `covParm` and `ProbES` obtained based on between and within cluster variances from the unconditional model (model with only the intercept as a fixed effect).

Examples

```
if(interactive()){

data(crtData)

#####
## Bayesian analysis of cluster randomised trials ##
#####
```

```

output <- crtBayes(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest,random="School",
intervention="Intervention",nsim=2000,data=crtData)

### Fixed effects
beta <- output$Beta
beta

### Effect size
ES1 <- output$ES
ES1

## Covariance matrix
covParm <- output$covParm
covParm

### plot random effects for schools

plot(output)

### plot posterior probability of an effect size to be bigger than a pre-specified threshold

plot(output,group=1)
}

```

crtData: Cluster Randomised Trial Data.

Description

A cluster randomised trial dataset containing 22 schools. The data contains a random sample of test data of pupils and not actual trial data.

Format

A data frame with 265 rows and 5 variables

Details

- Posttest: posttest scores
- Prettest: prettest scores
- Intervention: the indicator for intervention groups in a two arm trial, coded as 1 for intervention group and 0 for control group.
- Intervention2: a simulated indicator for intervention groups in a three arm trial.
- School: numeric school identifier

crtFREQ: Analysis of Cluster Randomised Education Trials using Multilevel Model under a Frequentist Setting.

Description

crtFREQ performs analysis of cluster randomised education trials using a multilevel model under a frequentist setting.

Usage

```
crtFREQ(formula, random, intervention, baseIn, nPerm, nBoot, seed, data)
```

Arguments

Argument	Description
formula	the model to be analysed is of the form $y \sim x_1 + x_2 + \dots$. Where y is the outcome variable and X s are the independent variables.
random	a string variable specifying the “clustering variable” as contained in the data. See example below.
intervention	a string variable specifying the “intervention variable” as appearing in the formula and the data. See example below.
baseIn	A string variable allowing the user to specify the reference category for intervention variable. When not specified, the first level will be used as a reference.
nPerm	number of permutations required to generate a permuted p-value.
nBoot	number of bootstraps required to generate bootstrap confidence intervals.
seed	seed required for bootstrapping and permutation procedure, if not provided default seed will be used.
data	data frame containing the data to be analysed.

Value

S3 object; a list consisting of

- **Beta** : Estimates and confidence intervals for variables specified in the model.
- **ES** : Conditional Hedges’ g effect size and its 95 % confidence intervals. If **nBoot** is not specified, 95% confidence intervals are based on standard errors. If **nBoot** is specified, they are non-parametric bootstrapped confidence intervals.
- **covParm** : A vector of variance decomposition into between cluster variance (Schools) and within cluster variance (Pupils). It also contains intra-cluster correlation (ICC).
- **SchEffects** : A vector of the estimated deviation of each school from the intercept.

- **Perm** : A “nPerm x 2w” matrix containing permuted effect sizes using residual variance and total variance. “w” denotes number of intervention. “w=1” for two arm trial and “w=2” for three arm trial excluding the control group. It is produced only when nPerm is specified.
- **Bootstrap** : A “nBoot x 2w” matrix containing the bootstrapped effect sizes using residual variance (Within) and total variance (Total). “w” denotes number of intervention. “w=1” for two arm trial and “w=2” for three arm trial excluding the control group. It is only produced when nBoot is specified.
- **Unconditional** : A list of unconditional effect sizes, covParm, Perm and Bootstrap obtained based on variances from the unconditional model (model with only the intercept as a fixed effect).

Examples

```
if(interactive()){

data(crtData)

#####
## MLM analysis of cluster randomised trials + 1.96SE ##
#####

output1 <- crtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest,random="School",
intervention="Intervention",data=crtData)

### Fixed effects
beta <- output1$Beta
beta

### Effect size
ES1 <- output1$ES
ES1

## Covariance matrix
covParm <- output1$covParm
covParm

### plot random effects for schools

plot(output1)

#####
## MLM analysis of cluster randomised trials ##
## with bootstrap confidence intervals      ##
#####
```



```

output2 <- crtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest,random="School",
intervention="Intervention",nBoot=1000,data=crtData)

### Effect size

ES2 <- output2$ES
ES2

### plot bootstrapped values

plot(output2, group=1)

#####
## MLM analysis of cluster randomised trials with permutation p-value##
#####

output3 <- crtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest,random="School",
intervention="Intervention",nPerm=1000,data=crtData)

### Effect size

ES3 <- output3$ES
ES3

### plot permuted values

plot(output3, group=1)
}

```

eefAnalytics-defunct: Defunct functions in eefAnalytics

Description

These functions are marked as defunct and have been removed from eefAnalytics.

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Usage

```

mlmbayes(...)
caceMSTBoot(...)
caceCRTBoot(...)
caceSRTBoot(...)

```

mstBayes: Bayesian analysis of Multisite Randomised Education Trials using Vague Priors.

Description

mstBayes performs analysis of multisite randomised education trials using a multilevel model under a Bayesian setting assuming vague priors.

Usage

```
mstBayes(  
  formula,  
  random,  
  intervention,  
  baseIn,  
  adaptD,  
  nsim = 2000,  
  data,  
  threshold = 1:10/10,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

Argument	Description
formula	the model to be analysed is of the form $y \sim x_1 + x_2 + \dots$. Where y is the outcome variable and X s are the independent variables.
random	a string variable specifying the “clustering variable” as contained in the data. See example below.
intervention	a string variable specifying the “intervention variable” as appearing in the formula and the data. See example below.
baseIn	A string variable allowing the user to specify the reference category for intervention variable. When not specified, the first level will be used as a reference.
adaptD	As this function uses rstanarm, this term provides the target average proposal acceptance probability during Stan’s adaptation period. Default is NULL.
nsim	number of MCMC iterations per chain. Default is 2000.
data	data frame containing the data to be analysed.
threshold	a scalar or vector of pre-specified threshold(s) for estimating Bayesian posterior probability that the observed effect size is greater than or equal to the threshold(s).
...	additional arguments of stan_lmer to be passed to the function.

Value

S3 object; a list consisting of

- **Beta** : Estimates and credible intervals for variables specified in the model. Use `summary.eefAnalytics` to get R^2 and effective sample size for each estimate.
- **ES** : Conditional Hedges' g effect size and its 95 % credible intervals.
- **covParm** : A list of variance decomposition into between cluster variance-covariance matrix (schools and school by intervention) and within cluster variance (Pupils). It also contains intra-cluster correlation (ICC).
- **SchEffects** : A vector of the estimated deviation of each school from the intercept and intervention slope.
- **ProbES** : A matrix of Bayesian posterior probabilities such that the observed effect size is greater than or equal to a pre-specified threshold(s).
- **Model** : A `stan_glm` object used in ES computation, this object can be used for convergence diagnostic.
- **Unconditional** : A list of unconditional effect sizes, `covParm` and `ProbES` obtained based on between and within cluster variances from the unconditional model (model with only the intercept as a fixed effect).

Examples

```
if(interactive()){  
  
  data(mstData)  
  
  #####  
  ## Bayesian analysis of cluster randomised trials  ##  
  #####  
  
  output <- mstBayes(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest,random="School",  
    intervention="Intervention",nsim=2000,data=mstData)  
  
  ### Fixed effects  
  beta <- output$Beta  
  beta  
  
  ### Effect size  
  ES1 <- output$ES  
  ES1  
  
  ## Covariance matrix  
  covParm <- output$covParm  
  covParm
```

```

### plot random effects for schools

plot(output)

### plot posterior probability of an effect size to be bigger than a pre-specified threshold

plot(output,group=1)
}

```

mstData: Multisite Trial Data.

Description

A multisite trial dataset containing 54 schools. This data contains a random sample of test data of pupils and not actual trial data.

Format

A data frame with 210 rows and 5 variables

Details

- Posttest: posttest scores
- Prettest: prettest scores
- Intervention: the indicator for the intervention groups in a two arm trial, coded as 1 for intervention group and 0 for control group.
- Intervention2: a simulated indicator for intervention groups in a three arm trial.
- School: numeric school identifier

mstFREQ: Analysis of Multisite Randomised Education Trials using Multilevel Model under a Frequentist Setting.

Description

mstFREQ performs analysis of multisite randomised education trials using a multilevel model under a frequentist setting.

Usage

```
mstFREQ(formula, random, intervention, baseIn, nPerm, data, seed, nBoot)
```

Arguments

Argument	Description
formula	the model to be analysed is of the form $y \sim x_1 + x_2 + \dots$. Where y is the outcome variable and X_s are the independent variables.
random	a string variable specifying the “clustering variable” as contained in the data. See example below.
intervention	a string variable specifying the “intervention variable” as appearing in the formula and the data. See example below.
baseIn	A string variable allowing the user to specify the reference category for intervention variable. When not specified, the first level will be used as a reference.
nPerm	number of permutations required to generate permuted p-value.
data	data frame containing the data to be analysed.
seed	seed required for bootstrapping and permutation procedure, if not provided default seed will be used.
nBoot	number of bootstraps required to generate bootstrap confidence intervals.

Value

S3 object; a list consisting of

- **Beta** : Estimates and confidence intervals for variables specified in the model.
- **ES** : Conditional Hedge’s g effect size (ES) and its 95 % confidence intervals. If **nBoot** is not specified, 95% confidence intervals are based on standard errors. If **nBoot** is specified, they are non-parametric bootstrapped confidence intervals.
- **covParm** : A list of variance decomposition into between cluster variance-covariance matrix (schools and school by intervention) and within cluster variance (Pupils). It also contains intra-cluster correlation (ICC).
- **SchEffects** : A vector of the estimated deviation of each school from the intercept and intervention slope.
- **Perm** : A “**nPerm** x **2w**” matrix containing permuted effect sizes using residual variance and total variance. “**w**” denotes number of intervention. “**w=1**” for two arm trial and “**w=2**” for three arm trial excluding the control group. It is produced only when **nPerm** is specified.
- **Bootstrap** : A “**nBoot** x **2w**” matrix containing the bootstrapped effect sizes using residual variance (Within) and total variance (Total). “**w**” denotes number of intervention. “**w=1**” for two arm trial and “**w=2**” for three arm trial excluding the control group. It is only produced when **nBoot** is specified.

- **Unconditional** : A list of unconditional effect sizes, covParm, Perm and Bootstrap obtained based on variances from the unconditional model (model with only the intercept as a fixed effect).

Examples

```
if(interactive()){

data(mstData)

#####
## MLM analysis of multisite trials + 1.96SE ##
#####

output1 <- mstFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest,random="School",
intervention="Intervention",data=mstData)

### Fixed effects
beta <- output1$Beta
beta

### Effect size
ES1 <- output1$ES
ES1

## Covariance matrix
covParm <- output1$covParm
covParm

### plot random effects for schools

plot(output1)

#####
## MLM analysis of multisite trials          ##
## with bootstrap confidence intervals       ##
#####

output2 <- mstFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest,random="School",
intervention="Intervention",nBoot=1000,data=mstData)

tp <- output2$Bootstrap
### Effect size

ES2 <- output2$ES
ES2

### plot bootstrapped values
```

```

plot(output2, group=1)

#####
## MLM analysis of mutltisite trials with permutation p-value##
#####

output3 <- mstFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest,random="School",
intervention="Intervention",nPerm=1000,data=mstData)

ES3 <- output3$ES
ES3

#### plot permuted values

plot(output3, group=1)
}

```

plot.eefAnalytics: A plot method for an eefAnalytics S3 object obtained from the eefAnalytics package.

Description

Plots different figures based on output from eefAnalytics package.

Usage

```
list(list("plot"), list("eefAnalytics"))(x, group, Conditional = TRUE, ES_Total = TRUE, slope = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

Argument	Description
x	an output object from the eefAnalytics package.
group	a string/scalar value indicating which intervention to plot. This must be one of the values of intervention variable excluding the control group. For a two arm trial, the maximum number of values to consider is 1 and 2 for three arm trial.
Conditional	a logical value to indicate whether to plot the conditional effect size. The default is Conditional=TRUE, otherwise Conditional=FALSE should be specified for plot based on the unconditional effect size. Conditional variance is total or residual variance from a multilevel model with fixed effects, whilst unconditional variance is total variance or residual variance from a multilevel model with only intercept as fixed effect.
ES_Total	A logical value indicating whether to plot the effect size based on total variance or within school variance. The default is ES_Total=TRUE, to plot

	the effect size using total variance. <code>ES_Total=FALSE</code> should be specified for the effect size based on within school or residuals variance.
<code>slope</code>	A logical value indicating whether to return the plot of random intercept (default is <code>slope=FALSE</code>). return other school-by-intervention interaction random slope (s) is <code>slope=TRUE</code> . This argument is suitable only for <code>mstBayes</code> and <code>mstFREQ</code> functions.
<code>...</code>	arguments passed to <code>plot.default</code>

Details

Plot produces a graphical visualisation depending on which model is fitted:

- For `srtFREQ()` , plot can only be used when `nBoot` or `nPerm` is specified to visualise the distribution of bootstrapped or permuted values.
- For `crtFREQ()` or `mstFREQ()` , plot shows the distribution of random intercepts when `group=NULL` . It produces histogram of permuted or bootstrapped values when `group` is specified and either `nBoot` or `nPerm` is also specified.

Value

Returns relevant plots for each model.

Examples

```
if(interactive()){

#### read data
data(mstData)
data(crtData)

#####
#### SRT ####
#####

#### Bootstrapped

outputSRTBoot <- srtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention + Prettest,
intervention = "Intervention",nBoot=1000, data = mstData)
plot(outputSRTBoot,group=1)

#### Permutation
outputSRTPerm <- srtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention + Prettest,
intervention = "Intervention",nPerm=1000, data = mstData)

plot(outputSRTPerm,group=1)
```



```
#####  
##### MST #####  
#####
```

```
#### Random intercepts
```

```
outputMST <- mstFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention + Prettest,  
random = "School", intervention = "Intervention", data = mstData)  
plot(outputMST)
```

```
#### Bootstrapped
```

```
outputMSTBoot <- mstFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention + Prettest,  
random = "School", intervention = "Intervention",  
nBoot = 1000, data = mstData)
```

```
plot(outputMSTBoot)  
plot(outputMSTBoot,group=1)
```

```
#### Permutation
```

```
outputMSTPerm <- mstFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention + Prettest,  
random = "School", intervention = "Intervention",  
nPerm = 1000, data = mstData)  
plot(outputMSTPerm)  
plot(outputMSTPerm,group=1)
```

```
#####  
##### CRT #####  
#####
```

```
#### Random intercepts
```

```
outputCRT <- crtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention + Prettest, random = "School",  
intervention = "Intervention", data = crtData)  
plot(outputCRT)
```

```
## Bootstrapped
```

```
outputCRTBoot <- crtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention + Prettest, random = "School",  
",  
intervention = "Intervention", nBoot = 1000, data = crtData)  
  
plot(outputCRTBoot,group=1)
```

```
##Permutation
```

```
outputCRTPerm <- crtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention + Prettest, random = "School",
```

```
"",
intervention = "Intervention", nPerm = 1000, data = crtData)

plot(outputCRTPerm, group=1)
}
```

print.eefAnalytics: Print for a fitted model represented by an eefAnalytics object.

Description

Print for a fitted model represented by an eefAnalytics object.

Usage

```
list(list("print"), list("eefAnalytics"))(x, ...)
```

Arguments

Argument	Description
x	Object of class eefAnalytics
...	Additional arguments of print

Value

Print conditional and unconditional effect sizes.

srtBayes: Analysis of Simple Randomised Education Trials using Bayesian Linear Regression Model with Vague Priors.

Description

srtBayes performs analysis of educational trials under the assumption of independent errors among pupils using Bayesian framework with Stan. This can also be used with schools as fixed effects.

Usage

```
srtBayes(
  formula,
  intervention,
  baseln,
  adaptD,
  nsim = 2000,
  data,
  threshold = 1:10/10,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

Argument	Description
formula	The model to be analysed is of the form $y \sim x_1 + x_2 + \dots$. Where y is the outcome variable and X s are the independent variables.
intervention	A string variable specifying the “intervention variable” as appearing in the formula and the data. See example below.
baseline	A string variable allowing the user to specify the reference category for intervention variable. When not specified, the first level will be used as a reference.
adaptD	As this function uses <code>rstanarm</code> , this term provides the target average proposal acceptance probability during Stan’s adaptation period. Default is <code>NULL</code> .
nsim	A number of MCMC iterations per chain. Default is 2000.
data	Data frame containing the data to be analysed.
threshold	a scalar or vector of pre-specified threshold(s) for estimating Bayesian posterior probability such that the observed effect size is greater than or equal to the threshold(s).
...	Additional arguments of <code>stan_glm</code> to be passed to the function.

Value

S3 object; a list consisting of

- **Beta** : Estimates and credible intervals for the variables specified in the model. Use `summary.eefAnalytics` to get R^2 and effective sample size for each estimate.
- **ES** : Conditional Hedges’ g effect size and its 95 % credible intervals.
- **sigma2** : Residual variance.
- **ProbES** : A matrix of Bayesian posterior probabilities such that the observed effect size is greater than or equal to a pre-specified threshold(s).
- **Model** : A `stan_glm` object used in ES computation, this object can be used for convergence diagnostic.
- **Unconditional** : A list of unconditional effect sizes, `sigma2` and `ProbES` obtained based on residual variance from the unconditional model (model with only the intercept as a fixed effect).

Examples

```
if(interactive()){  
  
  data(mstData)  
  
  #####
```

```

## Bayesian analysis of cluster randomised trials    ##
#####

output <- srtBayes(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest,
intervention="Intervention",nsim=2000,data=mstData)

### Fixed effects
beta <- output$Beta
beta

### Effect size
ES1 <- output$ES
ES1

## Covariance matrix
covParm <- output$covParm
covParm

### plot random effects for schools

plot(output)

### plot posterior probability of an effect size to be bigger than a pre-specified threshold

plot(output,group=1)
}

```

srtFREQ: Analysis of Simple Randomised Education Trial using Linear Regression Model.

Description

srtFREQ performs analysis of educational trials under the assumption of independent errors among pupils. This can also be used with schools as fixed effects.

Usage

```
srtFREQ(formula, intervention, baseln, nBoot, nPerm, seed, data)
```

Arguments

Argument	Description
formula	the model to be analysed is of the form $y \sim x_1 + x_2 + \dots$. Where y is the outcome variable and Xs are the independent variables.
intervention	a string variable specifying the “intervention variable” as appearing in the formula and the data. See example below.

baseIn	A string variable allowing the user to specify the reference category for intervention variable. When not specified, the first level will be used as a reference.
nBoot	number of bootstraps required to generate bootstrap confidence intervals.
nPerm	number of permutations required to generate permuted p-value.
seed	seed required for bootstrapping and permutation procedure, if not provided default seed will be used.
data	data frame containing the data to be analysed.

Value

S3 object; a list consisting of

- **Beta** : Estimates and confidence intervals for the variables specified in the model.
- **ES** : Conditional Hedges'g effect size and its 95 % confidence intervals. If nBoot is not specified, 95% confidence intervals are based on standard errors. If nBoot is specified, they are non-parametric bootstrapped confidence intervals.
- **sigma2** : Residual variance.
- **Perm** : A "nPerm x w" matrix containing permuted effect sizes using residual variance. "w" denotes number of intervention. "w=1" for two arm trial and "w=2" for three arm trial excluding the control group. It is produced only if nPerm is specified.
- **Bootstrap** : A "nBoot x w" matrix containing the bootstrapped effect sizes using residual variance. "w" denotes number of intervention. "w=1" for two arm trial and "w=2" for three arm trial excluding the control group. It is produced only if nBoot is specified.
- **Unconditional** : A list of unconditional effect size, sigma2, Perm and Bootstrap obtained based on variances from the unconditional model (model with only intercept as fixed effect).

Examples

```
if(interactive()){

data(mstData)

#####
## Analysis of simple randomised trials using Hedges Effect Size ##
#####

output1 <- srtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest,
intervention="Intervention",data=mstData )
ES1 <- output1$ES
```

ES1

```
#####  
## Analysis of simple randomised trials using Hedges Effect Size ##  
## with Permutation p-value ##  
#####
```

```
output2 <- srtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest,  
intervention="Intervention",nPerm=1000,data=mstData )
```

```
ES2 <- output2$ES  
ES2
```

```
#### plot permuted values
```

```
plot(output2, group=1)
```

```
#####  
## Analysis of simple randomised trials using Hedges Effect Size ##  
## with non-parametric bootstrap confidence intervals ##  
#####
```

```
output3 <- srtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest,  
intervention="Intervention",nBoot=1000,data=mstData)
```

```
ES3 <- output3$ES  
ES3
```

```
### plot bootstrapped values
```

```
plot(output3, group=1)
```

```
#####  
## Analysis of simple randomised trials using Hedges' effect size ##  
## with schools as fixed effects ##  
#####
```

```
output4 <- srtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest+as.factor(School),  
intervention="Intervention",data=mstData )
```

```
ES4 <- output4$ES  
ES4
```

```
#####  
## Analysis of simple randomised trials using Hedges' effect size ##
```

```

## with schools as fixed effects and with permutation p-value      ##
#####

output5 <- srtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest+as.factor(School),
intervention="Intervention",nPerm=1000,data=mstData )

ES5 <- output5$ES
ES5

#### plot permuted values

plot(output5, group=1)

#####
## Analysis of simple randomised trials using Hedges' effect size ##
## with schools as fixed effects and with permutation p-value      ##
#####

output6 <- srtFREQ(Posttest~ Intervention+Prettest+as.factor(School),
intervention="Intervention",nBoot=1000,data=mstData)

ES6 <- output6$ES
ES6

### plot bootstrapped values

plot(output6, group=1)
}

```

summary.eefAnalytics: Summary for a fitted model represented by an eefAnalytics object.

Description

Summary for a fitted model represented by an eefAnalytics object.

Usage

```
list(list("summary"), list("eefAnalytics"))(object, ...)
```

Arguments

Argument	Description
object	Object of class eefAnalytics
...	Additional arguments of summary

Value

Returns relevant summary including R^2 and effective sample sizes.